

Particles 1

1. 先生^{せんせい}、この町^{まち}の歴史^{れきし}（ ）教^{おし}えてください。
この町^{まち}の歴史^{れきし} is the direct object of 教^{おし}える. Please note that “teach/tell X(person) Y(thing)” is Xに Yを 教^{おし}える. “Teacher, please teach (tell) me the history of this town.”
2. ドア（ ）閉^しめてください。
ドア is the direct object of 閉^しめる. “Please close the door.”
3. お風呂^{ふろ}（ ）入^{はい}って、それから、寝^ねました。
‘Enter into X’ in Xに 入^{はい}る (X = final goal of ‘entering’). “I took a bath, and then, I went to bed.”
4. この部屋^{へや}でたばこを吸^すって（ ）いけませんか。
The expression of prohibition is ～てはいけません ‘One may not do ...’ “Am I not allowed to smoke in this room?”
5. 熱^{あつ}いコーヒーを飲^のみました。寒^{さむ}かったです（ ）。
‘It was cold’ is apparently the reason this person had hot coffee. “I drank hot coffee. Because it was cold.”
6. その漢字^{かんじ}の辞書^{じしょ}を使^{つか}って（ ）いいですか。
The expression of permission is ～てもいいです ‘One may do...’ “May I used that kanji dictionary?”
7. すみませんが、宿題^{しゅくだい}（ ）手伝^{てつだ}ってください。
Help X (person) with Y(task)’ is Xの Yを手伝^{てつだ}う. “Excuse me, please help me with my homework.”
8. あそこ（ ）座^{すわ}りましょう。
‘Sit down on X’ is Xに 座^{すわ}る (X=destination of the action 座^{すわ}る). “Let’s sit down over there.”
9. 今日^{きょう}は出^でかけません。家^{うち}の犬^{いぬ}（ ）死^しにましたから。

いぬ ^し犬 is the subject of 死ぬ, and が is the only particle that can indicate subject among the choices. (We'll learn more about が in Lesson 8.) "I am not going out today. Because my dog died."

10. いそ ^い急いで () ^{じかん}行 きましょう。あまり 時間 がありませんから。

When the first て form of Verb describes the manner, it should not be followed by any particle. "Let's hurry up and go (Let's go in a hurry). Because we don't have much time."

11. クラスを ^{やす}休 んで () すみません。

The pattern of apology is [the situation for which the apology is made] て、すみません. Therefore, there is no need to insert から or any other particles. "I am sorry for missing the class / Having missed the class, I am sorry."

12. あと () ^{えいが}映 画 ^みを 見 ましょうか。

'Later' is ^{あと}後 で. "Shall we see a movie later?"

13. あの ^{かど}角 () ^ま曲 が っ てください。

'Turn at the place X is X を ^ま曲 が る is (X=place that you move over). Please note that で is also possible. "Please turn at the corner."

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21G.501 / 21G.551 Japanese I
Fall 2012

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