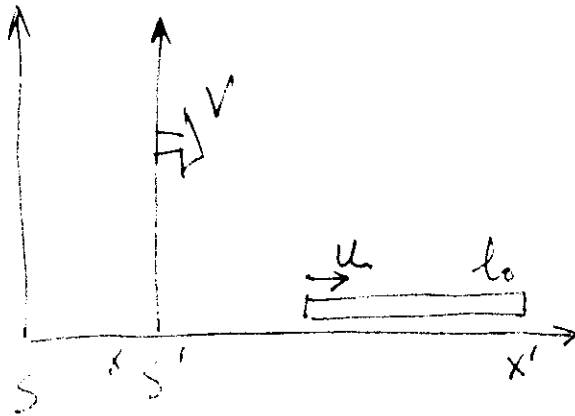


Practice Quiz - Week #7



L' : length of rod observed by S'

$$L' = \frac{l_0}{\tilde{\gamma}}$$

where $\tilde{\gamma} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\tilde{v}^2}{c^2}}}$ where \tilde{v} is the velocity of the rod as seen in S

Use transformation of velocities

$$v'_x = \frac{v_x - v}{1 - \frac{v}{c^2} v_x} \quad \text{for } v_x = u, \text{ the velocity of the rod in } S$$

$$\text{Then } \tilde{v} = \frac{u - v}{1 - \frac{vu}{c^2}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\tilde{\gamma}^2} = 1 - \left(\frac{u - v}{1 - \frac{vu}{c^2}} \right)^2 \frac{1}{c^2} =$$

$$1 - \frac{c^2(u - v)^2}{(c^2 - vu)^2} = \frac{(c^2 - vu)^2 - (cu - cv)^2}{(c^2 - vu)^2} =$$

$$\frac{(c^2 - vu + cu - cv)(c^2 - vu - cu + cv)}{(c^2 - vu)^2} = \frac{(c - v)(c + u)(c + v)(c - u)}{(c^2 - vu)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{L' = \frac{l_0}{c^2 - vu} \sqrt{(c^2 - v^2)(c^2 - u^2)}}$$